# Federal Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Regulations [Edgar Part 86]

# COLORADO COLLEGE ANNUAL POLICY NOTIFICATION/DISTRIBUTION

As a requirement of these regulations, Colorado College, is to disseminate and ensure receipt of the below policy/information to all students, staff, and faculty on an annual basis. This process is formally conducted via email and sent to official Colorado College email addresses. Additionally, it is posted on our HEOA webpage for public viewing. Questions concerning this policy and/or alcohol and other drug programs, interventions and policies may be directed to Rochelle Mason, Sr. Associate Dean of Students at <a href="mason@coloradocollege.edu">mason@coloradocollege.edu</a> (719) 389-6800 and Chris Walters, Health Educator for the Wellness Resource Center at <a href="mason@coloradocollege.edu">coloradocollege.edu</a> (719) 389-6214.

#### Policy on Illegal Use of Drugs and Alcohol

In compliance with the requirements of the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 and the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendment of 1989, Colorado College has adopted the following policy concerning the unlawful use of drugs and alcohol by students and employees. For employees of the College, abiding by the policy is a condition of continued employment.

The unlawful use, possession, distribution, manufacture of dispensing of illicit drugs (including marijuana) or alcohol is prohibited on Colorado College property or as part of any of the College's activities.

As an educational institution, Colorado College attempts to educate its community members about unlawful use of illicit drugs and alcohol, and to encourage appropriate, responsible behavior. The health risks associated with the abuse of alcohol and the use of illicit drugs are numerous. They include malnutrition, brain damage, heart disease, pancreatitis, cirrhosis of the liver, emotional illness, coma and death. Personal relationships and the ability to work and study are also at risk. Use during pregnancy endangers the fetus. Further information is available in the Office of the Dean of Students and in the Office of Human Resources.

The College recognizes that chemical dependency of any sort is a major health problem and encourages employees and students who need help in overcoming such dependency to use the counseling, treatment and rehabilitation programs (resources listed below).

Disciplinary sanctions for the violation of this policy by any employee may include, but are not limited to, reprimand, reassignment, demotion, suspension, dismissal, or termination of employment. Disciplinary sanctions for students may include, but are not limited to, disciplinary warning, probation, suspension, or expulsion. A disciplinary sanction for either employees or students may include the completion of an appropriate rehabilitation program. Referral to the authorities for prosecution under criminal law may also be invoked, especially in cases of unlawful sale or distribution of drugs or alcoholic beverages. All disciplinary sanctions for violation of this policy shall be subject to other applicable College policies and regulations regarding disciplinary action with respect to students and employees.

In addition to internal disciplinary sanctions, any employee or student who is convicted of unlawful use, possession, distribution, manufacture or dispensing of illicit drugs or alcohol may be subject to applicable criminal sanction under local, state and federal law. Penalties range in severity from relatively minor fines to fines of several million dollars. Imprisonment is also a possibility with terms ranging from six months to life sentence. Further information is available in the <u>policies and compliance</u> section of the CC web pages.

Any employee who is convicted under a criminal drug statue for violation occurring in the workplace must so notify Human Resources within five (5) days from the date of conviction.

Help is available both on campus and within the community for students and staff members who are dependent on, or who abuse the use of alcohol or other drugs. The Counseling Center at Boettcher Health Center (719) 389-6384, Employee Assistance Program (719) 634-1825, and other professional agencies will maintain the confidentiality of persons seeking help for personal dependency and will not report them to institutional or state authorities. The Wellness Resource Center (719) 389-6214 also provides educational and awareness programming, information, and assistance.

#### **Colorado Sanctions for Violation of Alcohol Control Statutes**

Drinking in Public Prohibited – City Code 2.5.704 (open container)

Under 21 = Court date/fine determined by judge.

21 and over = \$100 fine.

Sales Prohibited – City Code 2.5.801

A. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, serve, or deliver or cause or permit to be sold, served or delivered any alcohol beverage on a licensed premises within the City to any person under the age of twenty one (21) years.

Service to Visibly Intoxicated Persons – City Code 2.5.710

- A. It shall be unlawful for a licensee or any manager, agent or employee of the licensee to sell, serve or deliver any alcohol beverage to any visibly intoxicated person.
- B. This section is not intended to incorporate, add to, detract from or in any way modify the civil duties and liabilities created by similar provisions of State law. (Ord. 90-65; Ord. 01-42)

Responsibility of Determining Age – City Code 2.5.805

Every person selling, serving or delivering alcohol beverages shall have the responsibility of determining the age of any person to whom alcohol beverages are sold, served or delivered and shall be directly responsible for all sales, service and gifts made on the licensed premises. (Ord. 1588; 1968 Code §5-74D; Ord. 81-130; Ord. 01-42)

#### **Minor in Possession Convictions:**

State Code 12-47-901 (1) (C) Unlawful Acts

- (1) Except as provided in section 18-13-122, C.R.S., it is unlawful for any person:
  - (C) To possess alcohol beverages in any store, in any public place, including public streets, alleys, roads, or highways, or upon property owned by the state of Colorado or any subdivision thereof, or inside vehicles while upon the public streets, alleys, roads, or highways when such person is under twenty-one years of age;

The length of revocation for a minor in possession conviction varies:

CRS 18-13-122	Maximum Jail	Maximum	Driver License
MIP		Fines	Suspension
First Offense	0 days	\$250	3 months
Second Offense	0 days	\$500	6 months
Third and	12 months – Class 2	\$1000	1 year
subsequent	misdemeanor		
offenses	offense		

A judge may also require up to 24 hours of community service and/or attendance to an alcohol education or treatment program for first, second, or third+ offenses.

#### **Driving Under the Influence in Colorado:**

If you refused to take a test:

Refusals				
	License Suspension	Probationary driver's license?	Early reinstatement?	
1st offense	12 months	No	No	
2nd offense	24 months	No	After 12 months	
3rd offense	36 months	No	After 12 months	

By law, refusal revocations cannot run concurrently with any other actions.

*If you were over 21, and the result was 0.08 or greater:* 

	0.08 or Greater & Over 21				
License Suspension Probationary driver's license? Early reinstatement					
1st offense	9 months	No	After 1 month		
2nd offense	12 months	No	No		
3rd offense	24 months	No	After 12 months		

If you were under 21, and the result was between 0.02 and 0.079:

	Under 21 & BA 0.079 or Less				
	License Suspension Probationary driver's license? Early reinstatement				
1st offense	3 months	After 1 month if the result was under 0.05	No		
2nd offense	6 months	No	No		
3rd offense	12 months	No	No		

If your BA was 0.170 or higher:

If your chemical test was 0.170 or higher, or if you have repeat alcohol offenses, you will be required to have interlock ignition device for 2 years following reinstatement.

If you had a valid commercial driver's license:

If you have a commercial driver's license or permit at the time you were stopped, regardless of the type of vehicle you were driving, a first offense is a one year revocation of your commercial privileges, and a second offense is a lifetime disqualification. If you were driving a commercial motor vehicle at the time of offense, and your BAC was between .04 and .079, a first offense is a one year revocation and a second is a lifetime disqualification. By law, there is no probationary driver's license or early reinstatement permitted for commercial driving privileges.

Procedures specific to express consent cases:

After your arrest, if you refused or if you took a breath test, the officer will serve you with an Express Consent Affidavit and Notice of Revocation. This form will indicate that you have 7 days to request a hearing, otherwise the revocation will automatically go into effect on the 8th day. If you took a blood test, if the result is over 0.08 the DMV will mail you a notice giving you a 10-day timeframe from the date of their letter to request a hearing. Again, if you do not timely request a hearing, the revocation will automatically go into effect.

You are not required to request a hearing. You also do not need to request a hearing if you wish to be considered for early reinstatement. The only instance where one would need to request a hearing for driving privileges is for a minor on a first offense where their BAC was .05 or less.

<u>Click here</u> for further information regarding Colorado alcohol statutes.

# **State of Colorado Statutory Provisions for Illegal Drugs**

#### **Controlled Substances (Colorado Compiled Statutes):**

Possession or Sale:	Type of Offense	Jail Term	Fine	Driver's License
Schedule I and II: Cocaine, Opium, Heroin, Morphine, Methadone, LSD,	1 <sup>st</sup> offense: Class 3 Felony	4-12 years	3, 000 to 750,000	Suspension, Drug
Mescaline, Psilocybin, GH	2 <sup>nd</sup> offense: Class 2 Felony	8-24 years	5,000 to 1,000,000	
Schedule III: PCP_Codeine_Dilaudid	1 <sup>st</sup> offense: Class 4 Felony	2-6 years	2, 000 to 500,000	Suspension, Drug
CP, Codeine, Dilaudid	Repeat: Class 3 Felony	4-12 years	3,000 to 750,000	Cvaraation
Schedule IV: Chloral Hydrate, Tranquilizers, some	1 <sup>st</sup> offense: Class 5 Felony	1-3 years	1, 000 to 100,000	Suspension, Drug
barbiturates and stimulant	Repeat: Class 4 Felony	2-6 years	2,000 to 500,000	evaluation

Schedule V: Codeine and other narcotics	1 <sup>st</sup> offense: Class 1 Misdemeanor	6-18 months	500 to 5,000	Suspension, Drug evaluation
	Repeat: Class 5 Felony	1-3 years	1,000 to 100,000	
Use:				
Schedule I, II	Class 6 Felony	1 year – 18 months	1000 to 100,000	Suspension of minor driver's license
Schedule III, IV, V	Class 1 Misdemeanor	6-18 months	500 to 5000	Suspension of minor driver's license

# Marijuana:

For the most current Colorado statutes regarding marijuana use, sale and cultivation please  $\underline{\text{click}}$  here.

18-18-406 Offenses Relating to Marijuana (found to be in violation of Amendment 20 an	d 64)
Offense Title	Penalty Class
Sales, Transfers, Dispensing to Minors	
• More than 2.5 pounds of marijuana or more than 1 pound of concentrate by adult to minor when adult is at least 2 years older.	DF1
• More than 6 ounces but not more than 2.5 pounds marijuana or more than 3 ounces but not more than 1 pound concentrate by adult to minor when adult is at least 2 years older.	DF2
• More than 1 ounce but not more than 6 ounces marijuana or more than 0.5 ounces but not more than 3 ounces concentrate by adult to minor when adult is at least 2 years older.	DF3
• Not more than 1 ounce marijuana or not more than 0.5 ounces concentrate by adult to minor when adult is at least 2 years older.	DF4
Possess or Manufacture on Private Land	1
Possess marijuana or manufacture marijuana/concentrate on land owned, occupied or controlled by him/her	DF3
Distribution, Possession w/ Intent, Sales, Manufacturing, Etc. (includes conspiring w/1 or m	ore persons)
More than 50 pounds marijuana or 25 pounds concentrate	DF1

<ul> <li>More than 5 pounds marijuana but not m</li> <li>More than 2.5 pounds but not more than</li> </ul>		DF2
<ul> <li>More than 12 ounces but not more than 5</li> <li>More than 6 ounces but not more than 2.</li> </ul>		DF3
<ul> <li>More than 4 ounces but not more than 12</li> <li>More than 2 ounces but not more than 6</li> </ul>		DF4
Not more than 4 ounces marijuana or not	t more than 2 ounces concentrate	OM1
Cultivation, Grow, Produce a Marijuana Plant	t.	
More than 30 plants		DF3
• 7 to 30 marijuana plants		DF4
6 or fewer marijuana plants	I	DM1
Possession, Consumption, Display	1	
Possesses more than 12 ounces marijuan	a or more than 3 ounces concentrate	DF4
Possesses more than 6 ounces but not mo ounces concentrate	ore than 12 ounces marijuana, not more than 3	OM1
Possesses more than 2 ounces but not mo	ore than 6 ounces marijuana	OM2
<ul><li>21)</li><li>Openly and publicly displays, consumes.</li></ul>	ounces for no considerations (exception: 1	DPO

# **Federal Drug Laws**

The possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs is prohibited by federal law. Strict penalties are enforced for drug convictions, including mandatory prison terms for many offenses. The following information, although not complete, is an overview of federal penalties for first convictions. All penalties are doubled for any subsequent drug conviction.

#### Denial of Federal Aid (20 USC 1091)

Under the Higher Education Act of 1998, students convicted under federal or state law for the sale or possession of drugs will have their federal financial aid eligibility suspended. This includes all federal grants, loans, federal work study programs, and more. Students convicted of drug possession will be ineligible for one year from the date of the conviction of the first offense, two years for the second offense, and indefinitely for the third offense. Students convicted of selling drugs will be ineligible for two years from the date of the first conviction, and indefinitely for the second offense. Those who lose eligibility can regain eligibility by successfully completing an approved drug rehabilitation program.

#### Forfeiture of Personal Property and Real Estate (21 USC 853)

Any person convicted of a federal drug offense punishable by more than one year in prison shall forfeit to the United States any personal or real property related to the violation, including houses, cars, and other personal belongings. A warrant of seizure is issued and property is seized at the time an individual is arrested on charges that may result in forfeiture.

#### Federal Drug Trafficking Penalties (21 USC 841)

Penalties for federal drug trafficking convictions vary according to the quantity of the controlled substance involved in the transaction. The following list is a sample of the range and severity of federal penalties imposed for first convictions. Penalties for subsequent convictions are twice as severe.

If death or serious bodily injury result from the use of a controlled substance which has been illegally distributed, the person convicted on federal charges of distributing the substance faces mandatory life sentence and fines ranging up to \$8 million.

Persons convicted on federal charges of drug trafficking within 1,000 feet of a University (21 USC 845a) face penalties of prison terms and fines which are twice as high as the regular penalties for the offense, with a mandatory prison sentence of at least 1 year.

Drug/Substance	Amount	Penalty - 1st Conviction	
Barbiturates	Any amount	Up to 5 years prison. Fine up to \$250,000	
Cocaine	5 kgs. or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million	
	Less than 100 grams	10-63 months prison. Fine up to \$1 million	
Crack Cocaine	50 grams or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million	
	5-49 grams	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million	
	5 grams or less	10-63 months prison. Fine up to \$1 million	
Ecstasy	Any amount	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million. 3 years of supervised releases (following prison)	
GHB	Any amount	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million. 3 years of supervised releases (following prison)	
Hashish	10-100 kg	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million.	
	10 kg or less	Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$250,000	

Hash Oil	1-100 kg	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million.	
	1 kg or less	Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$250,000	
Heroin	1 kg or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million	
	100-999 grams	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million	
	100 grams or less	10-63 months prison. Fine up to \$1 million	
Ketamine	Any amount	Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$250,000. 2 years supervised release	
LSD	10 grams or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million	
	1-10 grams	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million	
Marijuana	1000 kg or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million	
	100-999 kg	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million	
	50-99 kg	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million	
	50 kg or less	Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$250,000	
Methamphetamine	50 grams or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million	
	10-49 grams	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million	
	10 grams or less	10-21 months prison. Fine up to \$1 million	
PCP	100 grams or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million	
	10-99 grams	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million	
	10 grams or less	10-21 months prison. Fine up to \$1 million	
Rohypnol	1 gram or more	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million	
	less than 30 mgs	Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$250,000	

#### Federal Drug Possession Penalties (21 USC 844)

Persons convicted on Federal charges of possessing any controlled substance face penalties of up to 1 year in prison and a mandatory fine of no less than \$1,000 up to a maximum of \$100,000. Second convictions are punishable by not less than 15 days but not more than 2 years in prison and a minimum fine of \$2,500. Subsequent convictions are punishable by not less than 90 days but not more than 3 years in prison and a minimum fine of \$5,000. Possession of drug paraphernalia is punishable by a minimum fine of \$750.

Special sentencing provisions for possession of crack cocaine impose a mandatory prison term of not less than 5 years but not more than 20 years and a fine up to \$250,000, or both if:

- A. It is a first conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeds 5 grams;
- B. It is a second conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeds 3 grams;

C. It is a third or subsequent crack conviction and the amount exceeds 1 gram.

Civil penalties of up to \$10,000 may also be imposed for possession of small amounts of controlled substances, whether or not criminal prosecution is pursued.

#### **Counseling and Treatment**

Short term alcohol and other drug counseling is available on campus to students through the Counseling Center at Boettcher Health Center (719) 389-6384. Students may be referred through the Counseling Center to other treatment programs for more intensive treatment. Through Colorado College's Human Resources department, the Employees Assistance Program offers employees additional education and counseling, as well as appropriate referrals. Within Colorado Springs, the following substance abuse counseling agencies exist; The Center for Behavioral Health/ St. Francis Health Center (719) 8741, Alcoholics Anonymous (24 hour) 573-5020, TESSA 633-3819, El Paso County Health Department Drug Treatment Clinic 578-3150, Pikes Peak Mental Health Chemical Dependency Emergency 390-240. These agencies provide a variety of services which may include drug and alcohol treatment programs, neuropsychological testing, dementia assessment, and outpatient counseling. Interested individuals are encouraged to contact each agency for additional information regarding specific services and costs.

#### **Prevention and Education**

Through the Boettcher Health Center (719-389-6093), Campus Activities Office (719-389-6680), Residential Life Office (719-389-6618), The Student Life Office (719-389-6689), Campus Safety (719-389-6707), The Wellness Resource Center (719-389-6211) and other departments and offices, a variety of individual, group and community educational programs and interventions designed to prevent and reduce alcohol and other drug use/abuse are offered to the Colorado College Community. As mandated by the Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Act, this policy is distributed to all students, staff and faculty on an annual basis, and during every even year, a biennial review of the comprehensive alcohol and other drug program is conducted. For more information concerning current programs, interventions and policies, contact Chris Walters, Health Educator for the Wellness Resource Center at <a href="mailto:cwalters@coloradocollege.edu">cwalters@coloradocollege.edu</a> (719) 389-6214.

#### **Health Risks of Commonly Abused Substances**

Substance	Nicknames/Slang Terms	Short Term Effects	Long Term Effects
Alcohol		slurred speech, drowsiness, headaches, impaired judgment, decreased perception and coordination, distorted vision and hearing, vomiting, breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, coma, blackouts,	toxic psychosis, physical dependence, neurological and liver damage, fetal alcohol syndrome, vitamin B1 deficiency, sexual problems, cancer, physical dependence

Amphetamines	uppers, speed, meth, crack, crystal, ice, pep pills	increased heart rate, increased blood pressure, dry mouth, loss of appetite, restlessness, irritability, anxiety	delusions, hallucinations, heart problems, hypertension, irritability, insomnia, toxic psychosis, physical dependence
Barbiturates and Tranquilizers	barbs, bluebirds, blues, yellow jackets, red devils, roofies, rohypnol, ruffies, tranqs, mickey, flying v's	slurred speech, muscle relaxation, dizziness, decreased motor control	severe withdrawal symptoms, possible convulsions, toxic psychosis, depression, physical dependence
Cocaine	coke, cracks, snow, powder, blow, rock	loss of appetite increased blood pressure and heart rate, contracted blood vessels, nausea, hyper-stimulation anxiety, paranoia, increased hostility Increased rate of breathing, muscle spasms and convulsions. dilated pupils disturbed sleep,	depression, weight loss, high blood pressure, seizure, heart attack, stroke, hypertension, hallucinations, psychosis, chronic cough, nasal passage injury, kidney, liver and lung damage
Gamma Hydroxy Butyrate	GHB, liquid B, liquid X, liquid ecstasy, G, georgia homeboy, grievous bodily harm	euphoria, decreased inhibitions, drowsiness, sleep, decreased body temperature, decreased heart rate, decreased blood pressure	memory loss, depression, severe withdrawal symptoms, physical dependence, psychological dependence
Heroin	H, junk, smack, horse, skag	euphoria, flushing of the skin, dry mouth, "heavy" arms and legs, slowed breathing, muscular weakness	constipation, loss of appetite, lethargy, weakening of the immune system, respiratory (breathing) illnesses, muscular weakness, partial paralysis, coma, physical dependence, psychological dependence
Ketamine	K, super K, special K	dream-like states, hallucinations, impaired attention and memory, delirium, impaired motor function, high blood pressure, depression	Urinary tract and bladder problems, abdominal pain, major convulsions, muscle rigidity, increased confusion, increased depression, physical dependence, psychological dependence
LSD	acid, stamps, dots, blotter, A-bombs	dilated pupils, change in body temperature, blood pressure and heart rate, sweating, chills, loss of appetite, decreased sleep,	may intensify existing psychosis, panic reactions, can interfere with psychological adjustment and social functioning,

		tremors, changes in visual acuity, mood changes	insomnia, physical dependence, psychological dependence
MDMA	ecstasy, XTC, adam, X, rolls, pills	impaired judgment, confusion, confusion, blurred vision, teeth clenching, depression, anxiety, paranoia, sleep problems, muscle tension	same as LSD, sleeplessness, nausea, confusion, increased blood pressure, sweating, depression, anxiety, memory loss kidney failure, cardiovascular problems, convulsions death, physical dependence, psychological dependence
Marijuana/Cannabis	pot, grass, dope, weed, joint, bud, reefer, doobie, roach	sensory distortion, poor coordination of movement slowed reaction time, panic, anxiety	bronchitis, conjunctivas, lethargy, shortened attention span, suppressed immune system, personality changes, cancer, psychological dependence, physical dependence possible for some
Mescaline	peyote cactus	nausea, vomiting, anxiety, delirium, hallucinations, increased heart rate, blood pressure, and body temperature,	lasting physical and mental trauma, intensified existing psychosis, psychological dependence
Morphine/Opiates	M, morf, duramorph, Miss Emma, monkey, roxanol, white stuff	euphoria, increased body temperature, dry mouth, "heavy" feeling in arms and legs	constipation, loss of appetite collapsed veins, heart infections, liver disease, depressed respiration, pneumonia and other pulmonary complications, physical dependence, psychological dependence
PCP	crystal, tea, angel dust, embalming fluid, killer weed, rocket fuel, supergrass, wack, ozone	shallow breathing, flushing, profuse sweating, numbness in arms and legs, decreased muscular coordination, nausea, vomiting, blurred vision, delusions, paranoia, disordered thinking	memory loss, difficulties with speech and thinking, depression, weight loss, psychotic behavior, violent acts, psychosis, physical dependence, psychological dependence
Psilocybin	mushrooms, magic mushrooms, shrooms, caps, psilocybin & psilocyn	nausea, distorted perceptions, nervousness, paranoia,	confusion, memory loss, shortened attention span, flashbacks may intensify existing psychosis,

Steroids	roids, juice	increased lean muscle mass, increased strength, acne, oily skin, excess hair growth, high blood pressure	Cholesterol imbalance, anger management problems, masculinization or women, breast enlargement in men, premature fusion of long bones preventing attainment of normal height, atrophy of reproductive organs, impotence, reduced fertility, stroke, hypertension, congestive heart failure, liver damage, psychological dependence
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### **OFF-CAMPUS RESOURCES/INFORMATION**

Aspen Pointe	(719) 572-6300	
179 S Parkside Dr		
Colorado Springs, CO	http://www.aspenpointe.org/	
Alcoholics Anonymous (24 hour)	(719) 573-5020	
County Sheriff's Office – Emergency	911	
Colorado Springs Police Department	(719) 444-7000	
CSPD Local – Emergency	911	
El Paso County's Attorney's Office	(719) 520-6000	
Narcotics Anonymous	(719) 637-1580	
Willow Bends	(719) 442-1883	
(Substance Abuse Counseling)		
4711 Opus Dr	http://www.awillowbends.com/	
Colorado Springs, CO 80906		

## ON-CAMPUS RESOURCES/INFORMATION

Boettcher Counseling Center (Students can receive confidential psychological consultation, short-term counseling, and information on a variety of issues.)	(719) 389-6093	
Boettcher Health Center	(719) 389-6384	
Chaplains Office (The College Chaplains are confidential resources who can assist with emotional and spiritual needs.)	(719) 389-6638 ahernandezsiegel@coloradocollege.edu	
Campus Safety	(719) 389-6707 campussafety@coloradocollege.edu	
Student Life Office	(719) 389-6689	
Wellness Resource Center	(719) 389-6211 hhorton@coloradocollege.edu	
	(719) 389-6214 <u>cwalters@coloradocollege.edu</u>	